### § 576.405

from a person, such property shall no longer be deemed to be property blocked pursuant to §576.201, unless there exists in the property another interest that is blocked pursuant to §576.201 or any other part of this chapter, the transfer of which has not been effected pursuant to license or other authorization.

- (b) Unless otherwise specifically provided in a license or authorization issued pursuant to this part, if property (including any property interest) is transferred or attempted to be transferred to a person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to §576.201(a), such property shall be deemed to be property in which that person has an interest and therefore blocked.
- (c) Unless otherwise provided in a license or authorization issued pursuant to this part, Iraqi petroleum and petroleum products shall enjoy the protections of §576.206 until title passes to the initial purchaser. For purposes of this part, an *initial purchaser* is a purchaser other than the Government of Iraq or persons acting for it or on its behalf in the marketing or sale of Iraqi petroleum and petroleum products.

### § 576.405 Transactions ordinarily incident to a licensed transaction.

Any transaction ordinarily incident to a licensed transaction and necessary to give effect thereto is also authorized, except:

- (a) An ordinarily incident transaction, not explicitly authorized within the terms of the license, by or with a person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to §576.201(a); or
- (b) An ordinarily incident transaction, not explicitly authorized within the terms of the license, involving a debit to a blocked account or a transfer of blocked property.

(c)

Example. A license authorizing Company A, whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to §576.201(a), to complete a securities sale also authorizes all activities by other parties required to complete the sale, including transactions by the buyer, broker, transfer agents, banks, etc., provided that such other parties are not themselves persons whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to §576.201(a).

#### § 576.406 Provision of services.

- (a) Except as provided in §576.209, the prohibitions on transactions involving blocked property contained in §576.201 apply to services performed in the United States or by U.S. persons, wherever located, including by an overseas branch of an entity located in the United States:
- (1) On behalf of or for the benefit of a person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to \$576.201(a); or
- (2) With respect to property interests subject to §576.201.

(b)

Example: U.S. persons may not, except as authorized by or pursuant to this part, provide legal, accounting, financial, brokering, freight forwarding, transportation, public relations, or other services to a person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to §576.201(a).

NOTE TO \$576.406: See \$\$576.507 and 576.509 on licensing policy with regard to the provision of certain legal and medical services.

### § 576.407 Offshore transactions.

The prohibitions in §576.201 on transactions or dealings involving blocked property apply to transactions by any U.S. person in a location outside the United States with respect to property held in the name of a person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to §576.201, or property in which a person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to §576.201 has or has had an interest since the effective date.

## § 576.408 Payments from blocked accounts to satisfy obligations prohibited

Pursuant to \$576.201, no debits may be made to a blocked account to pay obligations to U.S. persons or other persons, except as authorized by or pursuant to this part.

#### § 576.409 Charitable contributions.

Unless specifically authorized by the Office of Foreign Assets Control pursuant to this part, no charitable contribution of funds, goods, services, or technology, including contributions to relieve human suffering, such as food, clothing or medicine, may be made by, to, or for the benefit of, or received

from, a person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to §576.201(a). For the purposes of this part, a contribution is made by, to, or for the benefit of, or received from, a person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to §576.201(a) if made by, to, or in the name of, or received from or in the name of, such a person; if made by, to, or in the name of, or received from or in the name of, an entity or individual acting for or on behalf of, or owned or controlled by, such a person; or if made in an attempt to violate, to evade, or to avoid the bar on the provision of contributions by, to, or for the benefit of such a person, or the receipt of contributions from any such person.

## § 576.410 Credit extended and cards issued by U.S. financial institutions.

The prohibition in §576.201 on dealing in property subject to that section prohibits U.S. financial institutions from performing under any existing credit agreements, including, but not limited to, charge cards, debit cards, or other credit facilities issued by a U.S. financial institution to a person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to §576.201(a).

# § 576.411 Prohibited transactions involving certain Iraqi cultural property.

(a) The prohibition on trade in or transfer of ownership or possession of certain Iraqi cultural property in §576.208 is separate from, and independent of, other laws and regulations that may also prohibit the same conduct.

(b) The mere compliance with certain legal, administrative, or procedural requirements, such as the filing of a U.S. Customs and Border Protection Form 3461 (Entry/Immediate Delivery) or U.S. Customs and Border Protection Form 7501 (Entry Summary), does not render the trade in or transfer of Iraqi cultural property otherwise consistent with U.S. law for purposes of §576.208. The trade in or transfer of Iraqi cultural property as described in §576.208 would violate §576.208 regardless of whether the U.S. Customs and Border Protection forms were truthfully and accurately completed.

NOTE TO \$576 411: Other laws and regulations potentially applicable to the unlawful trade in or transfer of Iraqi cultural property include, but are not limited to, the transportation of stolen goods, 18 U.S.C. 2314; the receipt of stolen goods, 18 U.S.C. 2315; the importation of goods contrary to law, 18 U.S.C. 545 and 19 U.S.C. 1595a(a), (b), and (c): the exportation of goods contrary to law, 19 U.S.C. 1595a(d): the importation of stolen cultural property, 19 U.S.C. 2607; the importation of cultural property pertaining to the inventory of a museum or religious or secular public monument, 19 CFR 12.104a; and the emergency protection of Iraqi cultural antiquities, 19 CFR 12.104j.

# § 576.412 Entities owned by a person whose property and interests in property are blocked.

A person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to \$576.201(a) has an interest in all property and interests in property of an entity in which it owns, directly of indirectly, a 50 percent or greater interest. The property and interests in property of such an entity, therefore, are blocked, and such an entity is a person whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to \$576.201(a), regardless of whether the entity itself is listed in the Annex to Executive Order 13315, as amended, or designated pursuant to \$576.201(a)(2) or (3).

### Subpart E—Licenses, Authorizations, and Statements of Licensing Policy

### § 576.501 General and specific licensing procedures.

For provisions relating to licensing procedures, *see* part 501, subpart E, of this chapter. Licensing actions taken pursuant to part 501 of this chapter with respect to the prohibitions contained in this part are considered actions taken pursuant to this part.

## $\S$ 576.502 Effect of license or authorization.

(a) No license or other authorization contained in this part, or otherwise issued by the Office of Foreign Assets Control, authorizes or validates any transaction effected prior to the issuance of such license or other authorization, unless specifically provided in such license or authorization.